


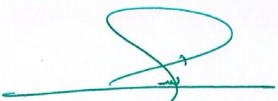
# MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

Module Information			
Module Title	Programming Fundamentals I		Module Delivery
Module Type	Core		Lecture Practical
Module Code	IT104		
ECTS Credits	7		
SWL (hr/sem)	175		
Module Level	UG1	Semester of Delivery	1
Administering Department	Information Technology	College	College of Science
Module Leader	Mohsin Hassan Hussein	e-mail	<a href="mailto:mohsin.ha@uowa.edu.iq">mohsin.ha@uowa.edu.iq</a>
Module Leader's Acad. Title	Assistant Professor	Module Leader's Qualification	Ph.D.
Module Tutor	Mohsen Hassan Hosein	e-mail	<a href="mailto:mohsin.ha@uowa.edu.iq">mohsin.ha@uowa.edu.iq</a>
Peer Reviewer Name	Asst.Prof Hyder Mohammed Ali	e-mail	<a href="mailto:hayder.alghanami@uowa.edu.iq">hayder.alghanami@uowa.edu.iq</a>
Scientific Committee Approval Date	2025-12-20	Version Number	V1

Relation with other Modules			
Prerequisite module	-	Semester	-
Co-requisites module	-	Semester	-

  
 د. محمد علي الفاضل  
 رئيس قسم  
 2026 / 2025



  
 د. شيماء حسين نونيل  
 2026 - 2025

Department Head Approval

Dean of the College Approval

## Module Aims, Learning Outcomes and Indicative Contents

<b>Module Objectives</b>	<p>The following are some key aims and benefits of studying Programming Fundamentals I:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Introduction to Programming: Introduce students to the fundamental concepts of programming, including the role of programming languages, the software development process, and basic programming principles.</li> <li>2. Problem Solving: Teach students how to analyze problems and develop algorithms to solve them. Emphasize problem-solving techniques, algorithm design, and decomposition of complex problems into smaller, manageable parts.</li> <li>3. Input and Output: Teach students how to interact with the user and handle standard input/output operations, including reading from keyboard and display to screen.</li> <li>4. Programming Language Basics: Familiarize students with the syntax, semantics, and basic constructs of a programming language, such as variables, data types, control structures (loops, conditionals), and functions.</li> <li>5. Debugging and Testing: Teach students how to debug and test their programs to identify and fix errors. Explore techniques for error detection, debugging tools, and strategies for writing effective test cases</li> </ol>
<b>Module Learning Outcomes</b>	<p>The following are some common learning outcomes for a Programming Fundamentals I:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Knowledge of Programming Concepts: Demonstrate a solid understanding of fundamental programming concepts, including variables, data types, control structures, and basic algorithms.</li> <li>2. Problem Solving Skills: Apply problem-solving techniques to analyze and solve programming problems by decomposing them into smaller, manageable parts and designing appropriate algorithms.</li> <li>3. Proficiency in Programming Language: Develop proficiency in using a specific programming language covered in the course, including understanding the language's syntax, semantics, and basic constructs.</li> <li>4. Effective Code Writing: Write clear, well-structured, and readable code that follows coding standards and best practices, including proper indentation, meaningful variable names, and appropriate comments.</li> <li>5. Debugging and Testing Skills: Use debugging techniques and tools to identify and fix errors in programs. Develop effective test cases and perform testing to ensure program correctness and reliability.</li> </ol>
<b>Indicative Contents</b>	<p>The indicative contents of a Programming Fundamentals I module have a list of common topics that shown below:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1-Introduction to Programming: Role of programming languages, Software development process, Basic programming principles and concepts. [ 15 hrs.]</li> <li>2-Problem Solving and Algorithm Design: Problem analysis and requirements specification, Algorithm design techniques (e.g., topdown design, stepwise refinement), Flowcharts and pseudocode. [ 20hrs]</li> <li>3-Input and Output: standard input/output operations, including reading from keyboard and display to screen. [ 10 hrs.]</li> <li>4- Programming Language Basics: Variables and data types, Operators and expressions, Control structures (loops, conditionals). [ 30 hrs.]</li> </ol>

	<p>5- Modular Programming: Scope and lifetime of variables. [ 10 hrs.]</p> <p>6-Debugging and Testing: Common types of programming errors, Debugging techniques and tools. [ 10 hrs.]</p>
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Learning and Teaching Strategies	
Strategies	<p>To teach a Programming Fundamentals I module, various strategies can be employed to facilitate effective learning and engagement. Here are some learning and teaching strategies commonly used in Programming Fundamentals I module:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1- Lectures: Delivering lectures to present theoretical concepts, principles, and foundational knowledge of Programming Fundamentals I. Lectures can include visual aids, examples, and demonstrations to enhance understanding.</li> <li>2- Interactive Discussions: Encourage students to actively participate in discussions by asking questions, sharing their thoughts, and engaging in peer-to-peer learning. Discussions can focus on challenging concepts, real-world applications, or case studies related to Programming Fundamentals I.</li> <li>3- Hands-on Lab Sessions: Conduct practical lab sessions where students can gain hands-on experience with Programming Fundamentals I, 4 commands, and programming exercises. These sessions provide an opportunity to reinforce theoretical concepts and develop practical skills.</li> <li>4- Group Projects: Assign group projects that involve designing, implementing, and evaluating components of Programming Fundamentals I. Group projects promote teamwork, problem-solving, and practical application of operating system concepts.</li> <li>5- Online Resources and Tutorials: Provide access to online resources, tutorials, and interactive learning materials related to Programming Fundamentals I. This allows students to explore additional content, reinforce their understanding, and self-assess their progress.</li> <li>6- Assessments and Feedback: Use a variety of assessment methods such as quizzes, assignments, projects, and exams to evaluate students' understanding of Programming Fundamentals I concepts. Provide timely and constructive feedback to help students improve their knowledge and skills.</li> </ol>

Student Workload (SWL)			
Structured SWL (h/sem)	75	Structured SWL (h/w)	6

<b>Unstructured SWL (h/sem)</b>	97	<b>Unstructured SWL (h/w)</b>	5
<b>Total SWL (h/sem)</b>	<b>172 + 3 (Final Exam)= 175</b>		

<b>Module Evaluation</b>					
		<b>Time/Number</b>	<b>Weight (Marks)</b>	<b>Week Due</b>	<b>Relevant Learning Outcome</b>
<b>Formative assessment</b>	<b>Quizzes</b>	5	5% (5)	3,5,7,9,11	LO #1, #3 and #4
	<b>Home Work</b>	5	10% (10)	2,4,6,8,10	LO #1, #3 and #4
	<b>Lab</b>	10	20% (20)	Continuous	All
	<b>Onsite Assignments</b>	5	5% (5)		LO #5, #8 and #10
<b>Summative assessment</b>	<b>Midterm Exam</b>	2hr	10% (10)	9	LO #1, #2 and #3
	<b>Final Exam</b>	3hr	50% (50)	17	All
<b>Total assessment</b>			100% (100 Marks)		

<b>Delivery Plan (Weekly Syllabus)</b>	
	<b>Material Covered</b>
<b>Week 1</b>	Problem solving
<b>Week 2</b>	Algorithms and flow charts
<b>Week 3</b>	Introduction to programming Languages
<b>Week 4</b>	Variables, Constants, keywords, types, operators, expression, assignment
<b>Week 5</b>	Simple I/O Functions
<b>Week 6</b>	Conditional Statements
<b>Week 7</b>	If Statement
<b>Week 8</b>	Nested If
<b>Week 9</b>	Mid Exam
<b>Week 10</b>	Switch Statement
<b>Week 11</b>	Iterative control statements + for Statements
<b>Week 12</b>	While Statement
<b>Week 13</b>	Do while
<b>Week 14</b>	Nested Loops
<b>Week 15</b>	Nested while
<b>Week 16</b>	Preparatory week before the final Exam

### Delivery Plan (Weekly Lab. Syllabus)

	Material Covered
<b>Week 1</b>	IDE of Programming Language
<b>Week 2</b>	Examples for Algorithms and flow charts
<b>Week 3</b>	Using the IDE for writing sample of program
<b>Week 4</b>	Programs by using Variables, Constants, keywords, types, operators, expression, assignment
<b>Week 5</b>	Writing codes for 3 Programs Applying Simple I/O Functions
<b>Week 6</b>	Simple Conditional Statements programs
<b>Week 7</b>	Writing codes of If Statement programs
<b>Week 8</b>	Writing codes of Nested If programs
<b>Week 9</b>	Mid Exam
<b>Week 10</b>	Writing codes of Switch Statement programs
<b>Week 11</b>	Writing codes of Iterative control statements + for Statements programs
<b>Week 12</b>	Writing codes of While Statement programs
<b>Week 13</b>	Writing codes of Do while programs
<b>Week 14</b>	Writing codes of Nested Loops programs
<b>Week 15</b>	Writing codes of Nested while programs

### Learning and Teaching Resources

	Text	Available in the Library?
<b>Required Texts</b>	C++: The Complete Reference, Fourth Edition, Herbert Schildt.	Yes
<b>Recommended Texts</b>	The C++ Programming Language, Third Edition, Bjarne Stroustrup.	No
<b>Websites</b>	<a href="https://stackoverflow.com/">https://stackoverflow.com/</a>	

Grading Scheme				
Group	Grade	Marks	Marks %	Definition
<b>Success Group (50 - 100)</b>	<b>A</b> - Excellent	Excellent	90 - 100	Outstanding Performance
	<b>B</b> - Very Good	Very Good	80 - 89	Above average with some errors
	<b>C</b> - Good	Good	70 - 79	Sound work with notable errors
	<b>D</b> - Satisfactory	Fair / Average	60 - 69	Fair but with major shortcomings
	<b>E</b> - Sufficient	Pass / Acceptable	50 - 59	Work meets minimum criteria
<b>Fail Group (0 – 49)</b>	<b>FX</b> – Fail	Fail (Pending)	(45-49)	More work required but credit awarded
	<b>F</b> – Fail	Fail	(0-44)	Considerable amount of work required
<b>Note:</b> Marks Decimal places above or below 0.5 will be rounded to the higher or lower full mark (for example a mark of 54.5 will be rounded to 55, whereas a mark of 54.4 will be rounded to 54. The University has a policy NOT to condone "near-pass fails" so the only adjustment to marks awarded by the original marker(s) will be the automatic rounding outlined above.				